Name

Class

🞓 maths teacher hub

www.MathsTeacherHub.com

Direct/inverse proportion

(9 – 1) Topic booklet

HIGHER

These questions have been collated from previous years GCSE Mathematics papers.

You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser.

Total Marks

Instructions

•Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.

•Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.

- •Answer all questions.
- •Answer the questions in the spaces provided
- there may be more space than you need.
- •Diagrams are NOT accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- •You must show all your working out.
- •If the question is a **1F** question you are not allowed to use a calculator.
- •If the question is a 2F or a 3F question, you may use a calculator to help you answer.

Information

- •The marks for each question are shown in brackets
- use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

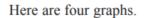
- •Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- •Keep an eye on the time.
- •Try to answer every question.
- •Check your answers if you have time at the end.

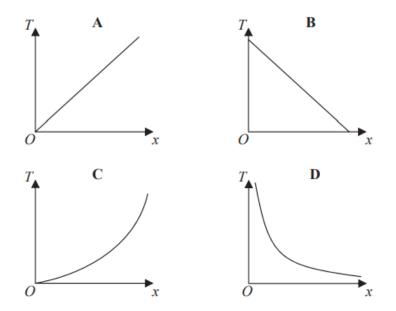
6 At a depth of x metres, the temperature of the water in an ocean is $T^{\circ}C$. At depths below 900 metres, T is inversely proportional to x.

T is given by

$$T = \frac{4500}{x}$$

(a) Work out the difference in the temperature of the water at a depth of 1200 metres and the temperature of the water at a depth of 2500 metres.





One of the graphs could show that T is inversely proportional to x.

(b) Write down the letter of this graph.

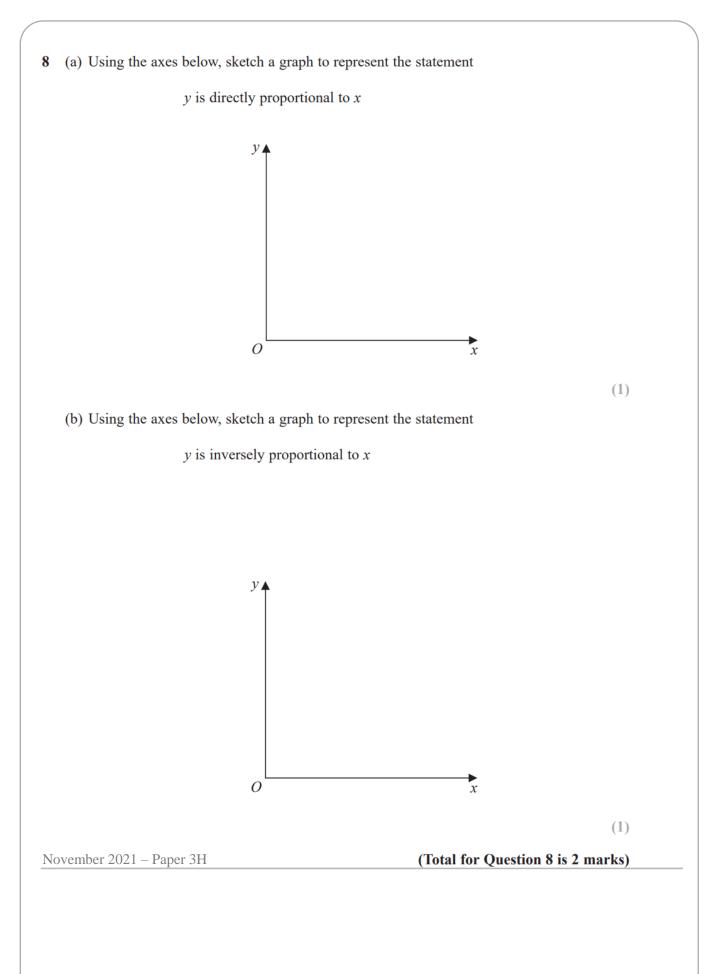
Specimen 2 – Paper 3H

(Total for Question 6 is 4 marks)

(1)

°C

(3)



10 *y* is inversely proportional to *x* When x = 1.5, y = 36

Find the value of *y* when x = 6

Specimen 2 – Paper 1H

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)

13 p is inversely proportional to t

Complete the table of values.

t	100	25		2
p	1		5	

November 2022 – Paper 1H

(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)

13 The table shows a set of values for *x* and *y*.

x	1	2	3	4
у	9	$2\frac{1}{4}$	1	$\frac{9}{16}$

y is inversely proportional to the square of x.

(a) Find an equation for y in terms of x.

(b) Find the positive value of x when y = 16

May 2017 – Paper 1H

(Total for Question 13 is 4 marks)

(2)

(2)

13 d is inversely proportional to c

When c = 280, d = 25

Find the value of *d* when c = 350

Sample 1 – Paper 2H

(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)

d =

```
14 y is inversely proportional to x^3
```

y = 44 when x = a

Show that y = 5.5 when x = 2a

November 2018 – Paper 3H

(Total for Question 14 is 3 marks)

14 y is inversely proportional to d^2 When d = 10, y = 4

d is directly proportional to x^2 When x = 2, d = 24

Find a formula for *y* in terms of *x*. Give your answer in its simplest form.

June 2018 - Paper 1H

(Total for Question 14 is 5 marks)

D is directly proportional to the cube of n .		
Mary says that when n is doubled, the value of D is mu	ltiplied by 6	
Mary is wrong. Explain why.		
	(1)	
ecimen 2 – Paper 2H	(Total for Question 14 is 1 mark)	
5 A pendulum of length L cm has time period T seconds. <i>T</i> is directly proportional to the square root of <i>L</i> .		
The length of the pendulum is increased by 40%.		
Work out the percentage increase in the time period.		
		0.4
		%
pecimen 1 – Paper 2H	(Total for Question 15 is 3 marks)	

16 y is directly proportional to $\sqrt[3]{x}$

$$y = 1\frac{1}{6}$$
 when $x = 8$

Find the value of *y* when x = 64

November 2017 – Paper 1H

(Total for Question 16 is 3 marks)

17 *y* is directly proportional to the square root of *t*. y = 15 when t = 9

t is inversely proportional to the cube of *x*. t = 8 when x = 2

Find a formula for y in terms of x. Give your answer in its simplest form.

June 2022 – Paper 1H

(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)

17 x is directly proportional to the square of y. y is directly proportional to the cube of z.

z = 2 when x = 32

Find a formula for x in terms of z.

November 2021 – Paper 3H

(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)

18 x is proportional to \sqrt{y} where y > 0

y is increased by 44%

Work out the percentage increase in x.

November 2020 – Paper 1H

(Total for Question 18 is 3 marks)

.%

20 *h* is inversely proportional to *p p* is directly proportional to \sqrt{t}

Given that h = 10 and t = 144 when p = 6 find a formula for *h* in terms of *t*

June 2019 – Paper 1H

(Total for Question 20 is 4 marks)